LYMPHOMA AND OTHER MALIGNANCIES HAVE BEEN OBSERVED IN PATIENTS TREATED WITH XELJANZ. PATIENTS WHO DEVELOPED THESE INFECTIONS WERE TAKING CONCOMITANT IMMUNOSUPPRESSANTS, SUCH AS MTX OR CORTICOSTEROIDS. THE US PRESCRIBING INFORMATION CONTAINS A BOXED WARNING FOR SERIOUS INFECTIONS AND MALIGNANCIES. PATIENTS TREATED WITH XELJANZ SHOULD BE MONITORED FOR SERIOUS INFECTIONS AND MALIGNANCIES. 

● It is not known if XELJANZ is safe and effective in children.

● XELJANZ is not for people with severe liver problems.

● Before starting XELJANZ, tell your healthcare provider if you:
  • have any type of infection.
  • have had a reaction to tofacitinib or any of the ingredients in XELJANZ.
  • have kidney problems.
  • have had any type of cancer.
  • have had a problem with any specific medicine used to prevent kidney transplant rejection.
  • have liver problems.
  • have lived or have traveled to a place where there is an increased chance for getting a certain kind of fungal infection (histoplasmosis, coccidioidomycosis, or blastomycosis). These infections may happen or become more severe if you use XELJANZ. Ask your healthcare provider if you do not know if you have lived in an area where there is an increased chance for getting any of these fungal infections.

● Tell your healthcare provider if you are taking medicines that affect the way certain liver enzymes work. Ask your healthcare provider if you are not sure if your medicine is one of these.

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● Tell your healthcare provider if you have the following symptoms of a possible hepatitis B or C infection: feeling very tired, skin or eyes look yellow, little or no appetite, vomiting, fever, fatigue, loss of appetite, depression, stomach pain, nausea, swelling in your legs or abdomen, muscle or joint pain, or fever. If you are a carrier of the hepatitis B or C virus (viruses that affect the liver), the virus may become active while you use XELJANZ. Tell your healthcare provider if you have the following symptoms of a possible hepatitis B or C infection: feeling very tired, skin or eyes look yellow, little or no appetite, vomiting, fever, fatigue, loss of appetite, depression, stomach pain, nausea, swelling in your legs or abdomen, muscle or joint pain, or fever. If you are a carrier of the hepatitis B or C virus (viruses that affect the liver), the virus may become active while you use XELJANZ.

● Do not start taking XELJANZ if you have any type of serious or life-threatening infection that you have not fully recovered from.

● Do not start taking XELJANZ if you have any type of infection that is worsening due to lack of treatment.

● If you have hepatitis B or have had hepatitis B, you may have a higher chance for infections. If you have any type of infection that is worsening due to lack of treatment.

● Leave the usual dose and continue to take the medicine that is being used to prevent kidney transplant rejection for a period of time as directed by your healthcare provider if you have any type of infection that is worsening due to lack of treatment.

● If you have liver problems, you have a higher chance for infections. If you have any type of infection that is worsening due to lack of treatment.

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● Do not start taking XELJANZ if you have any type of infection that you have not fully recovered from.

● Do not start taking XELJANZ if you have any type of infection that is worsening due to lack of treatment.

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