

Bank of America Reports Record Quarterly Earnings of \$7.3 Billion, EPS \$0.70

Full-Year Earnings of \$28.1 Billion, EPS \$2.61; 16 Consecutive Quarters of Positive Operating Leverage

Q4-18 Financial Highlights¹

Net income of \$7.3 billion rose 208% (39% adjusting for the impact of the Tax Act in 2017)², driven by continued strong operating leverage and asset quality, as well as the benefit of tax reform impacting 2018

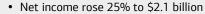
- Diluted earnings per share of \$0.70 rose 250% (49% on an adjusted basis)²
- Pretax income of \$8.7 billion rose 41% (22% on an adjusted basis)²
- Revenue, net of interest expense, increased 11% (6% on an adjusted basis)² to \$22.7 billion, led by net interest income (NII), reflecting benefits from higher interest rates as well as loan and deposit growth^(A)
- Net interest yield (FTE basis) of 2.48%, up 9 bps^(A)
- Provision for credit losses decreased \$96 million to \$905 million
 - Net charge-off ratio declined to 0.39%
- Noninterest expense declined \$141 million, or 1%, to \$13.1 billion; efficiency ratio improved to 58%
- Average loan and lease balances in business segments rose \$25 billion, or 3%, to \$881 billion
 - Loans to consumers up 4% and commercial up 2%
- Average deposit balances rose \$51 billion, or 4%, to \$1.3 trillion
- Repurchased \$20.1 billion in common stock and paid \$5.4 billion in common dividends during 2018

Q4-18 Business Segment Highlights^{1,3}

• Net income rose 52% to \$3.3 billion Consumer Banking • Loans up 5% to \$290 billion • Deposits up 3% to \$687 billion • Full-year Merrill Edge brokerage client flows of \$25 billion • Efficiency ratio improved to 45% • 26.4 million mobile banking users, up 9% • Consumer payments \$721 billion, up 7% Global Wealth and Investment Net income rose 43% to \$1.1 billion Management • Pretax margin increased to 29% Full-year client balance flows of \$56 billion Loans increased 4% to \$164 billion 2018 organic growth in net new ML households more than 4 times 2017



Global Banking



- Firmwide investment banking fees of \$1.3 billion (excludes self-led)
- Loans increased 2% to \$357 billion
- Deposits increased 9% to \$360 billion
- Efficiency ratio remained low at 42%





- Net income rose 20% to \$493 million
- Sales and trading revenue of \$2.6 billion, including net debit valuation adjustment (DVA) gains of \$52 million
- Excluding net DVA, sales and trading revenue down 6% to \$2.5 billion^(B)
 - Equities up 11% to \$1.1 billion^(B)
 - FICC down 15% to \$1.4 billion^(B)

Q4-18 Financial Highlights					Q4-18 Reported vs.
(\$ in billions, except per share data)	Report	ed	Q4-18 vs. Q4-17	Excl. Tax Act	Q4-17 Excl. Tax Act
_	Q4-18	Q4-17	% Inc / (Dec)	Q4-17 ^{2,4}	% Inc / (Dec)
Total revenue, net of interest expense	\$22.7	\$20.4	11%	\$21.4	6%
Pretax income	8.7	6.2	41	7.1	22
Net income	7.3	2.4	208	5.3	39
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.70	\$0.20	250	\$0.47	49
Return on average assets	1.24%	0.41%		0.90%	
Return on average common shareholders' equity	11.6	3.3		7.8	
Return on average tangible common shareholders' equity ⁴	16.3	4.6		10.9	
Efficiency ratio	58	65		62	
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See page 11 for endnotes

¹ Financial Highlights and Business Segment Highlights compare to the year-ago quarter unless noted. Loan and deposit balances are shown on an average basis unless noted.

² On December 22, 2017, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the Tax Act) was enacted, which included a lower U.S. corporate tax rate effective in 2018. The Tax Act reduced Q4-17 net income by \$2.9 billion, or \$0.27 per diluted common share, which included a \$0.9 billion pretax charge in other noninterest income predominantly related to the revaluation of certain tax-advantaged energy investments, as well as \$1.9 billion of tax expense principally associated with the revaluation of certain deferred tax assets and liabilities. Adjusted net income, diluted earnings per share, pretax income and revenue are non-GAAP financial measures and exclude the Q4-17 impact of the enactment of the Tax Act.

³ The Corporation reports the results of operations of its four business segments and All Other on a fully-taxable equivalent (FTE) basis.

⁴ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. For additional information (including reconciliation information), see endnotes C and D on page 11 and page 19.



Full-Year Financial Highlights (\$ in billions, except per share data)	Report	ted	FY 2018 vs. FY 2017	Excl. Tax Act	FY 2018 Reported vs. FY 2017 Excl. Tax Act
	FY 2018	FY 2017	% Inc / (Dec)	FY 2017 ^{1,2}	% Inc / (Dec)
Total revenue, net of interest expense	\$91.2	\$87.4	4%	\$88.3	3%
Pretax income	34.6	29.2	18	30.2	15
Net income	28.1	18.2	54	21.1	33
Diluted earnings per share	\$2.61	\$1.56	67	\$1.83	43
Return on average assets	1.21%	0.80%		0.93%	
Return on average common shareholders' equity	11.0	6.7		7.9	
Return on average tangible common shareholders' equity ²	15.5	9.4		11.0	
Efficiency ratio	59	63		62	

CEO Commentary

"I am proud of our teammates who produced record earnings for the quarter and the year by driving responsible growth. Our teammates worked for our customers and delivered solid loan and deposit growth, and other activity, while managing risk well. Operating leverage based on disciplined expense management while investing in our future, solid asset quality, and loan and deposit growth drove this quarter's results. In addition to lending and investing activities, we shared success in many ways: returning nearly \$26 billion in capital to our shareholders; a second bonus since U.S. tax reform passed last year, impacting 95% of our teammates, to share success from our performance and the benefits of tax reduction; and more than \$200 million of philanthropic giving to our communities.

"Through the trillions of dollars of consumer transactions we process and from the steady confidence and activity of our small business and commercial clients, we see a healthy consumer and business climate driving a solid economy. Each of our businesses faces opportunities to grow even more. We are well positioned to serve clients, teammates, and communities by listening to their answer when we ask them: 'What would you like the power to do?'"

Brian Moynihan, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

CFO Commentary

"We have now seen 16 consecutive quarters of positive operating leverage, enabled by responsible growth. Our net income grew robustly and our EPS grew faster as we invested part of our profits in share repurchases. We significantly improved our returns in the fourth quarter, with a 1.24% return on average assets and a 16.3% return on average tangible common shareholders' equity. Each line of business contributed to these results. With a strong balance sheet, we're ready to deliver again in 2019."

— Paul Donofrio, Chief Financial Officer

¹ On December 22, 2017, the Tax Act was enacted, which included a lower U.S. corporate tax rate effective in 2018. The Tax Act reduced 2017 net income by \$2.9 billion, or \$0.27 per diluted common share, which included a \$0.9 billion pretax charge in other noninterest income predominantly related to the revaluation of certain tax-advantaged energy investments, as well as \$1.9 billion of tax expense principally associated with the revaluation of certain deferred tax assets and liabilities.

² Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. For additional information (including reconciliation information), see endnotes C and D on page 11 and page 19.





Financial Results¹

- Net income of \$3.3 billion, up \$1.1 billion or 52%
- Revenue increased \$922 million, or 10%, to \$9.9 billion. NII increased \$777 million, or 12%, driven by higher interest rates and deposit and loan growth. Noninterest income included higher card income and service charges
- Provision for credit losses increased \$29 million to \$915 million
 - Net charge-offs increased due to credit card portfolio seasoning and loan growth
 - Net charge-off ratio was 1.22% compared to
- Noninterest expense decreased \$26 million, or 1%, to \$4.5 billion as investments for business growth were more than offset by improved productivity and lower FDIC expense

Three months ended

(\$ in millions)	12/31/2018	9/30/2018	12/31/2017
Total revenue ²	\$9,877	\$9,403	\$8,955
Provision for credit losses	915	870	886
Noninterest expense	4,483	4,354	4,509
Pretax income	4,479	4,179	3,560
Income tax expense	1,141	1,066	1,364
Net income	\$3,338	\$3,113	\$2,196

Comparisons are to the year-ago quarter unless noted.

Business Highlights^{1,2}

- Average deposits grew \$21 billion, or 3%; average loans grew \$14 billion, or 5%
- Merrill Edge brokerage assets grew \$9 billion, or 5%, to \$186 billion, as \$25 billion in client flows more than offset lower market valuations
- Combined credit/debit card spending up 6%
- · Digital usage continued to grow
 - 26.4 million active mobile banking users, up 9%
 - Digital sales were 27% of all Consumer Banking
 - Mobile channel usage up 16%
 - 51.6 million person-to-person payments through Zelle®, more than double the year-ago quarter
- Efficiency ratio improved to 45% from 50%

	Three months ended			
(\$ in billions)	12/31/2018	9/30/2018	12/31/2017	
Average deposits	\$686.8	\$687.5	\$665.5	
Average loans and leases	289.9	285.0	275.7	
Brokerage assets (EOP)	185.9	203.9	177.0	
Active mobile banking users (MM)	26.4	25.9	24.2	
Number of financial centers	4,341	4,385	4,477	
Efficiency ratio	45%	46%	50%	
Return on average allocated capital	36	33	24	
Total U.S. Consumer Credit (Card ²			
Average credit card outstanding balances	\$95.8	\$94.7	\$93.5	
Total credit/debit spend	151.9	146.4	143.4	
Risk-adjusted margin	8.8%	8.2%	8.7%	

Revenue, net of interest expense. Tax expense compared to prior year impacted by a lower U.S. corporate tax rate.

 $^{^1}$ Comparisons are to the year-ago quarter unless noted. 2 The U.S. consumer credit card portfolio includes Consumer Banking and GWIM.





Financial Results¹

- · Record net income of \$1.1 billion, up \$318 million or
- Revenue increased \$307 million, or 7%, primarily driven by higher net interest income and higher asset management fees as well as a small gain on sale of a non-core asset, partially offset by lower transactional revenue
- · Noninterest expense increased 2% as higher revenuerelated incentives, as well as investments for business growth, were partially offset by continued expense discipline

Three months ended

(\$ in millions)	12/31/2018	9/30/2018	12/31/2017
Total revenue ²	\$4,990	\$4,783	\$4,683
Provision for credit losses	23	13	6
Noninterest expense	3,542	3,414	3,470
Pretax income	1,425	1,356	1,207
Income tax expense	363	346	463
Net income	\$1,062	\$1,010	\$744

¹ Comparisons are to the year-ago quarter unless noted.

Business Highlights¹

- Total client balances decreased \$131 billion, or 5%, to \$2.6 trillion, as positive client flows of \$56 billion were more than offset by impact of lower market valuations
- Average loans and leases grew \$6 billion, or 4%, driven by mortgages and custom lending
- Pretax margin improved to 29%
- Wealth advisors up 1% to 19,459²
- · Accelerated organic wealth management household growth
 - Net new Merrill Lynch relationships up more than 4 times the 2017 level
 - U.S. Trust new relationships up 9% in 2018

Three months ended

(\$ in billions)	12/31/2018	9/30/2018	12/31/2017
Average deposits	\$247.4	\$238.3	\$240.1
Average loans and leases	163.5	161.9	157.1
Total client balances (EOP)	2,620.9	2,841.4	2,751.9
AUM flows	(6.2)	7.6	18.2
Pretax margin	29%	28%	26%
Return on average allocated capital	29	28	21

² Revenue, net of interest expense. Tax expense compared to prior year impacted by a lower U.S. corporate tax rate.

¹ Comparisons are to the year-ago quarter unless noted. ² Includes financial advisors in Consumer Banking of 2,722 and 2,402 in Q4-18 and Q4-17.





Global Banking

Financial Results¹

- Record net income of \$2.1 billion, up \$426 million or 25%
- Record revenue of \$5.1 billion, up \$31 million or 1%
 - Reflects higher NII from the benefit of higher interest rates and growth in deposits
 - Noninterest income includes lower investment banking fees
- Provision improved to \$85 million, primarily driven by the absence of the prior year's single-name non-U.S. commercial charge-off²
- · Noninterest expense fell 2%, primarily due to lower FDIC expense, partially offset by continued investment in the business

Three months ended

(\$ in millions)	12/31/2018	9/30/2018	12/31/2017
Total revenue ^{2,3}	\$5,050	\$4,738	\$5,019
Provision for credit losses	85	(70)	132
Noninterest expense	2,119	2,121	2,161
Pretax income	2,846	2,687	2,726
Income tax expense	740	699	1,046
Net income	\$2,106	\$1,988	\$1,680

Comparisons are to the year-ago quarter unless noted.
 Global Banking and Global Markets share in certain deal economics from investment banking, loan origination activities, and sales and trading activities.
 Revenue, net of interest expense. Tax expense compared to prior year impacted by a lower U.S. corporate tax rate.

Business Highlights^{1,2}

- Average deposits increased \$30 billion, or 9%, to \$360 billion
- · Average loans and leases grew \$7 billion, or 2%, to \$357 billion
- · Total firmwide investment banking fees (excluding self-led deals) decreased 5% to \$1.3 billion, driven primarily by lower debt underwriting and advisory fees
- Efficiency ratio remained low at 42%

Three months ended

(\$ in billions)	12/31/2018	9/30/2018	12/31/2017
Average deposits	\$359.6	\$337.7	\$329.8
Average loans and leases	357.4	352.7	350.3
Total Corp. IB fees (excl. self-led) ²	1.3	1.2	1.4
Global Banking IB fees ²	0.8	0.6	0.8
Business Lending revenue	2.2	2.1	2.3
Global Transaction Services revenue	2.1	2.0	1.9
Efficiency ratio	42%	45%	43%
Return on average allocated capital	20	19	17

¹ Comparisons are to the year-ago quarter unless noted. ² Global Banking and Global Markets share in certain deal economics from investment banking, loan origination activities, and sales and trading activities.





Global Markets

Financial Results¹

- · Net income of \$493 million, up \$83 million or 20%
- Revenue of \$3.2 billion, down \$183 million or 5%; excluding net DVA, revenue decreased 10%⁴
 - Reflects sales and trading revenue decline of 6% (ex-DVA), the absence of a prior-year gain on the sale of a non-core asset and lower investment banking fees
- Provision improved to \$6 million, driven by the absence of the prior year's single-name non-U.S. commercial charge-off²
- Noninterest expense decreased \$74 million, or 3%, to \$2.5 billion driven by lower revenue-related expenses
- Average VaR of \$36 million remained low⁵

Three months ended

(\$ in millions)	12/31/2018	9/30/2018	12/31/2017
Total revenue ^{2,3}	\$3,213	\$3,843	\$3,396
Net DVA ⁴	52	(99)	(118)
Total revenue (excl. net DVA) ^{2,3,4}	\$3,161	\$3,942	\$3,514
Provision for credit losses	6	(2)	162
Noninterest expense	2,540	2,613	2,614
Pretax income	667	1,232	620
Income tax expense	174	320	210
Net income	\$493	\$912	\$410
Net income (excl. net DVA) ⁴	\$453	\$987	\$483

Comparisons are to the year-ago quarter unless noted.

² Global Banking and Global Markets share in certain deal economics from investment banking, loan origination activities, and sales and trading activities.

³ Revenue, net of interest expense. Tax expense compared to prior year impacted by a lower U.S. corporate tax rate.

⁴ Revenue and net income, excluding net DVA, are non-GAAP financial measures. See endnote B for more information.

VaR model uses a historical simulation approach based on three years of historical data and an expected shortfall methodology equivalent to a 99% confidence level. Average VaR was \$36MM, \$31MM and \$36MM for Q4-18, Q3-18 and Q4-17, respectively.

Business Highlights^{1,2}

- · Reported sales and trading revenue increased 1% to \$2.6 billion
- · Excluding net DVA, sales and trading revenue decreased 6% to \$2.5 billion^(B)
 - FICC revenue of \$1.4 billion decreased 15%, due to weakness in credit and mortgage markets and lower client activity in credit products
 - Equities revenue of \$1.1 billion increased 11%, due to strength in client financing and derivatives

Three months ended

(\$ in billions)	12/31/2018	9/30/2018	12/31/2017
Average total assets	\$655.1	\$652.5	\$659.4
Average trading-related assets	464.0	460.3	449.7
Average loans and leases	70.6	71.2	73.6
Sales and trading revenue ²	2.6	3.0	2.5
Sales and trading revenue (excl. net DVA) ^{(B),2}	2.5	3.1	2.7
Global Markets IB fees ²	0.5	0.5	0.6
Efficiency ratio	79%	68%	77%
Return on average allocated capital	6	10	5

Comparisons are to the year-ago quarter unless noted.
 Global Banking and Global Markets share in certain deal economics from investment banking, loan origination activities, and sales and trading activities.



All Other

Financial Results¹

- · Net income of \$0.3 billion compared with a loss of \$2.7 billion
 - Q4-17 included charges of \$2.9 billion from the enactment of the Tax Act, comprised of a charge of \$0.9 billion in other income and \$1.9 billion of tax expense
- Revenue improved \$1.1 billion from Q4-17
 - Excluding the Tax Act impact, revenue improved \$0.2 billion from Q4-17, driven by a small gain from the sale of non-core consumer real estate loans
- Benefit in provision for credit losses declined \$61 million to \$124 million due to a slower pace of portfolio improvement driven by runoff and the sale of non-core consumer real estate loans
- Noninterest expense decreased \$71 million to \$449 million, reflecting lower FDIC expense and other
- Q4-18 included \$0.2 billion in net tax benefits, including lower tax expense on international earnings due to updated tax guidance, partially offset by charges related to a variety of other tax matters

Three months ended

(\$ in millions)	12/31/2018	9/30/2018	12/31/2017
Total revenue ²	\$(239)	\$161	\$(1,366)
Provision for credit losses	(124)	(95)	(185)
Noninterest expense	449	565	520
Pretax loss	(564)	(309)	(1,701)
Income tax expense (benefit)	(843)	(453)	964
Net income (loss)	\$279	\$144	\$(2,665)

Note: All Other consists of asset and liability management (ALM) activities, equity investments, non-core mortgage loans and servicing activities, the net impact of periodic revisions to the mortgage servicing rights (MSR) valuation model for core and non-core MSRs and the related economic hedge results, liquidating businesses and residual expense allocations. ALM activities encompass certain residential mortgages, debt securities, interest rate and foreign currency risk management activities, the impact of certain allocation methodologies and hedge ineffectiveness. The results of certain ALM activities are allocated to our business segments. Equity investments include our merchant services joint venture, as well as a portfolio of equity, real estate and other alternative investments.

Comparisons are to the year-ago quarter unless noted. Revenue, net of interest expense. Tax expense compared to prior year impacted by a lower U.S. corporate tax rate.



Credit Quality

Highlights¹

- · Overall credit quality remained strong across both the consumer and commercial portfolios
- Net charge-offs declined \$313 million to \$924 million, primarily driven by the absence of the prior year's single-name non-U.S. commercial charge-off
 - The net charge-off ratio declined 14 bps to 0.39%
- The provision for credit losses decreased \$96 million to \$905 million
 - Q4-18 provision expense closely matched net charge-offs
- Nonperforming assets declined \$1.5 billion to \$5.2 billion, primarily driven by improvements in consumer
- Commercial reservable criticized utilized exposure down \$2.5 billion, or 18%, to \$11.1 billion

Three months ended

(\$ in millions)	12/31/2018	9/30/2018	12/31/2017
Provision for credit losses	\$905	\$716	\$1,001
Net charge-offs	924	932	1,237
Net charge-off ratio ²	0.39%	0.40%	0.53%
At period-end			
Nonperforming assets	\$5,244	\$5,449	\$6,758
Nonperforming assets ratio ³	0.56%	0.59%	0.73%
Allowance for loan and lease losses	\$9,601	\$9,734	\$10,393
Allowance for loan and lease losses ratio ⁴	1.02%	1.05%	1.12%

Comparisons are to the year-ago quarter unless noted.
 Net charge-off ratio is calculated as annualized net charge-offs divided by average outstanding loans and leases during the period.
 Nonperforming assets ratio is calculated as nonperforming loans, leases and foreclosed properties (nonperforming assets) divided by outstanding loans, leases and foreclosed properties at the end of the period.

⁴ Allowance for loan and lease losses ratio is calculated as allowance for loan and lease losses divided by loans and leases outstanding at the end of the period.

Note: Ratios do not include loans accounted for under the fair value option.

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Leadership in high-tech, high-touch

(Figures are for Q4-18 unless otherwise specified)

High-Tech

No. 1 in mobile banking, online banking and digital sales

Digital banking has won **30+ digital awards** in the last two years Online- and Mobile-**certified** by J.D. Power as providing "Outstanding Customer Experience"

No. 1 Mobile Banking app in S&P Global Market Intelligence's 2018 U.S. Mobile Banking Market Report

"Best in Class" in Javelin's 2018 Mobile Banking Scorecard

No. 1 Overall | No. 1 Ease of Use | No. 1 in Functionality in Dynatrace's Q4-18 Online Banker Scorecard

Erica chosen as 2018 BAI Global Innovation Award winner for Customer Experience in the "People's Choice" category

Consumer digital banking momentum

36.3MM active digital banking users

functionality

26.4MM active mobile banking users

1.5B logins to consumer banking app

27% of all Consumer sales through digital

- 49% of all digital sales came from mobile
- 19% of total consumer mortgage applications came from digital

52MM P2P payments via Zelle®, representing **\$14B**, up **97**% YoY **490K** digital appointments

4.8MM users have completed **23MM** interactions with Erica since launch

Innovation in Global Banking

- ~485K digital channel users across our commercial, large corporate and business banking businesses
- CashPro Mobile users up 104% YoY; logins up 186% in 2018
- Volume of Intelligent Receivables, which uses AI to match payments and receivables, grew 5X YoY and won "New Product Development" award from Aite Group
- Digital Disbursements, the business-to-consumer payments solution that leverages the bank's investment in Zelle, saw domestic volumes grow 66% in 2018
- Electronic signature and document exchange, introduced in 2018, provides capability to reduce processing time from 4 days to 4 hours

Innovation in wealth management

26% increase in clients using the Merrill Lynch mobile app in 2018 Digital innovation supporting our advisors' growth objectives:

- 88% of ML advisors have an online digital presence
- Evolved broad suite of acquisition and collaboration capabilities, including personalized advisor websites, LinkedIn Sales Navigator and compliant texting

High-Touch



4,341 financial centers

- 81 new openings in last 12 months
- **567** renovations in last 12 months



16,255 ATMs

- 5,365 new or replaced in last 12 months
- 100% contactless-enabled



Expanded in **26** new and existing markets in 2018



66MM Consumer and Small Business clients



19,459 Wealth advisors in Global Wealth and Investment Management and Consumer Banking



Global footprint serving middlemarket, large corporate and institutional clients

55,000 relationships with companies and institutions

35+ countries

79% of the 2018 Global Fortune 500 and **94%** of the U.S. Fortune 1,000 have a relationship with us

Increased client-facing professionals to further strengthen local market coverage

BofAML ranks No. 1 in all four of Greenwich Associates' 2018 surveys of European equities: Trading Share, Algorithmic Trading Share, Electronic Trading Quality, and Trading & Execution Service Quality



6.8%

6.7%

Balance Sheet, Liquidity and Capital Highlights (\$ in billions except per share data, end of period, unless otherwise noted)

	Th	ree months ended	
	12/31/2018	9/30/2018	12/31/2017
Ending Balance Sheet			
Total assets	\$2,354.5	\$2,338.8	\$2,281.2
Total loans and leases	946.9	929.8	936.7
Total loans and leases in business segments (excluding All Other)	898.8	874.8	867.3
Total deposits	1,381.5	1,345.6	1,309.5
Average Balance Sheet			
Average total assets	\$2,334.6	\$2,317.8	\$2,301.7
Average loans and leases	934.7	930.7	927.8
Average deposits	1,345.0	1,316.3	1,293.6
Funding and Liquidity			
Long-term debt	\$229.3	\$234.1	\$227.4
Global Liquidity Sources, average ^(E)	544	537	522
Equity			
Common shareholders' equity	\$243.0	\$239.8	\$244.8
Common equity ratio	10.3%	10.3%	10.7%
Tangible common shareholders' equity ¹	\$173.1	\$169.9	\$174.5
Tangible common equity ratio ¹	7.6%	7.5%	7.9%
Per Share Data			
Common shares outstanding (in billions)	9.67	9.86	10.29
Book value per common share	\$25.13	\$24.33	\$23.80
Tangible book value per common share ¹	17.91	17.23	16.96
Regulatory Capital ^(F)			
Basel 3			
CET1 capital	\$167.3	\$164.4	\$168.5
Standardized approach			
Risk-weighted assets	\$1,437	\$1,439	\$1,443
CET1 ratio	11.6%	11.4%	11.7%
Advanced approaches			
Risk-weighted assets	\$1,408	\$1,424	\$1,459
CET1 ratio	11.9%	11.5%	11.5%
Supplementary leverage			

 $^{^{1}}$ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. For reconciliation, see page 19 of this press release. n/a = not applicable

Supplementary leverage ratio (SLR)

n/a

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Endnotes

- We also measure net interest income on an FTE basis, which is a non-GAAP financial measure. FTE basis is a performance measure used in operating the business that management believes provides investors a more accurate picture of the interest margin for comparative purposes. We believe that this presentation allows for comparison of amounts from both taxable and tax-exempt sources, and is consistent with industry practices. Net interest income on an FTE basis was \$12.5 billion, \$12.0 billion and \$11.7 billion for the three months ended December 31, 2018, September 30, 2017, respectively. The FTE adjustment was \$155 million, \$151 million and \$251 million for the three months ended December 31, 2018, September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.
- Global Markets revenue and net income, excluding net debit valuation adjustments (DVA), and sales and trading revenue, excluding net DVA, are non-GAAP financial measures. Net DVA gains (losses) were \$52 million, \$(99) million and \$(118) million for the three months ended December 31, 2018, September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. FICC net DVA gains (losses) were \$45 million, \$(80) million and \$(112) million for the three months ended December 31, 2018, September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. Equities net DVA gains (losses) were \$7 million, \$(19) million and \$(6) million for the three months ended December 31, 2018, September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.
- Enactment of the Tax Act reduced Q4-17 and FY 2017 net income by \$2.9 billion, or \$0.27 per diluted common share, which included a \$0.9 billion pretax charge in other noninterest income (which reduced pretax income and revenue, net of interest expense) predominantly related to the revaluation of certain tax-advantaged energy investments, as well as \$1.9 billion of tax expense principally associated with the revaluation of certain deferred tax assets and liabilities. The enactment negatively impacted Q4-17 and FY 2017 return on average assets by 49 bps and 13 bps, respectively; return on average common shareholders' equity by 455 bps and 117 bps, respectively; return on average tangible common shareholders' equity by 630 bps and 162 bps, respectively; and efficiency ratio by 287 bps and 67 bps, respectively. Reported metrics are shown on pages 1 and 2 of this press release.
- D Return on average tangible common shareholders' equity is a non-GAAP financial measure. See page 19 of this press release for reconciliation to GAAP financial measures.
- E Global Liquidity Sources (GLS) include cash and high-quality, liquid, unencumbered securities, limited to U.S. government securities, U.S. agency securities, U.S. agency MBS, and a select group of non-U.S. government and supranational securities, and are readily available to meet funding requirements as they arise. They do not include Federal Reserve Discount Window or Federal Home Loan Bank borrowing capacity. Transfers of liquidity among legal entities may be subject to certain regulatory and other restrictions.
- F Regulatory capital ratios at December 31, 2018 are preliminary. We report regulatory capital ratios under both the Standardized and Advanced approaches. The approach that yields the lower ratio is used to assess capital adequacy, which for CET1 is the Standardized approach at December 31, 2018 and September 30, 2018 and the Advanced approaches at December 31, 2017. Basel 3 transition provisions for regulatory capital adjustments and deductions were fully phased-in as of January 1, 2018. Prior periods are presented on a fully phased-in basis. SLR requirements became effective January 1, 2018.



Contact Information and Investor Conference Call Invitation



Note: Chief Executive Officer Brian Moynihan and Chief Financial Officer Paul Donofrio will discuss fourthquarter 2018 financial results in a conference call at 8:00 a.m. ET today. The presentation and supporting materials can be accessed on the Bank of America Investor Relations website at http://investor.bankofamerica.com.

For a listen-only connection to the conference call, dial 1.877.200.4456 (U.S.) or 1.785.424.1732 (international). The conference ID is 79795. Please dial in 10 minutes prior to the start of the call. Investors can access replays of the conference call by visiting the Investor Relations website or by calling 1.800.934.4850 (U.S.) or 1.402.220.1178 (international) from January 16 through January 23.

Investors May Contact:

Lee McEntire, Bank of America, 1.980.388.6780

Jonathan Blum, Bank of America (Fixed Income), 1.212.449.3112

Reporters May Contact:

Lawrence Grayson, Bank of America, 1.704.995.5825 lawrence.grayson@bankofamerica.com

Bank of America

Bank of America is one of the world's leading financial institutions, serving individual consumers, small and middle-market businesses and large corporations with a full range of banking, investing, asset management and other financial and risk management products and services. The company provides unmatched convenience in the United States, serving approximately 66 million consumer and small business clients with approximately 4,300 retail financial centers, including approximately 1,800 lending centers, 2,200 Merrill Edge investment centers and 1,500 business centers; approximately 16,300 ATMs; and award-winning digital banking with more than 36 million active users, including over 26 million mobile users. Bank of America is a global leader in wealth management, corporate and investment banking and trading across a broad range of asset classes, serving corporations, governments, institutions and individuals around the world. Bank of America offers industry-leading support to approximately 3 million small business owners through a suite of innovative, easy-to-use online products and services. The company serves clients through operations across the United States, its territories and more than 35 countries. Bank of America Corporation stock (NYSE: BAC) is listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

Forward-Looking Statements

Bank of America Corporation (the "Company") and its management may make certain statements that constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. Forward-looking statements often use words such as "anticipates," "targets," "expects," "hopes," "estimates," "intends," "plans," "goals," "believes," "continue" and other similar expressions or future or conditional verbs such as "will," "may," "might," "should," "would" and "could." Forward-looking statements represent the Company's current expectations, plans or forecasts of its future results, revenues, expenses, efficiency ratio, capital measures, strategy, and future business and economic conditions more generally, and other future matters. These statements are not guarantees of future results or performance and involve certain known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict and are often beyond the Company's control. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, any of these forward-looking statements.

You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statement and should consider the following uncertainties and risks, as well as the risks and uncertainties more fully discussed under Item 1A. Risk Factors of the Company's 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K and in any of the Company's subsequent Securities and Exchange Commission filings: the Company's potential claims, damages, penalties, fines and reputational damage resulting from pending or future litigation, regulatory proceedings and enforcement actions, and the possibility that amounts may be in excess of the Company's recorded liability and estimated range of possible loss for litigation and regulatory exposures; the possibility that the Company could face increased servicing, securities, fraud, indemnity, contribution or other claims from one or more counterparties, including trustees, purchasers of loans, underwriters, issuers, other parties involved in securitizations, monolines or private-label and other investors; the possibility that future representations and warranties losses may occur in excess of the Company's recorded liability and estimated range of possible loss for its representations and warranties exposures; the Company's ability to resolve representations and warranties repurchase and related claims, including claims brought by investors or trustees seeking to avoid the statute of limitations for repurchase claims; the risks related to the discontinuation of LIBOR and other reference rates, including increased expenses and litigation and the effectiveness of hedging strategies; uncertainties about the financial stability and growth rates of non-U.S. jurisdictions, the risk that those jurisdictions may face difficulties servicing their sovereign debt, and related stresses on financial markets, currencies and trade, and the Company's exposures to such risks, including direct, indirect and operational; the impact of U.S. and global interest rates, inflation, currency exchange rates, economic conditions, trade policies, including tariffs, and potential geopolitical instability; the impact on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations of a potential higher interest rate environment; the possibility that future credit losses may be higher than currently expected due to changes in economic assumptions, customer behavior, adverse developments with respect to U.S. or global economic conditions and other uncertainties; the Company's ability to achieve its expense targets, net interest income expectations, or other projections; adverse changes to the Company's credit ratings from the major credit rating agencies; estimates of the fair value of certain of the Company's assets and liabilities; uncertainty regarding the content, timing and impact of regulatory capital and liquidity requirements; the impact of adverse changes to total loss-absorbing capacity requirements and/or global systemically important bank surcharges; the potential impact of Federal Reserve actions on the Company's capital plans; the effect of regulations, other guidance or additional information on our estimated impact of the Tax Act; the impact of implementation and compliance with U.S. and international laws, regulations and regulatory interpretations, including, but not limited to, recovery and resolution planning requirements, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) assessments, the Volcker Rule, fiduciary standards and derivatives regulations; a failure in or breach of the Company's operational or security systems or infrastructure, or those of third parties, including as a result of cyber-attacks; the impact on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations from the planned exit of the United Kingdom from the European Union; the impact of a prolonged federal government shutdown and threats not to increase the federal government's debt limit; and other similar matters.

Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and the Company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect the impact of circumstances or events that arise after the date the forward-looking statement was made.

"Bank of America Merrill Lynch" is the marketing name for the Global Banking and Global Markets businesses of Bank of America Corporation. Lending, derivatives and other commercial banking activities are performed by banking affiliates of Bank of America Corporation, including Bank of America, N.A., member FDIC. Securities, financial advisory and other investment banking activities are performed by investment banking affiliates of Bank of America Corporation (Investment Banking Affiliates), including Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, which are registered broker-dealers and members of FINRA and SIPC. Investment products offered by Investment Banking Affiliates: Are Not FDIC Insured * May Lose Value * Are Not Bank Guaranteed. Bank of America Corporation's broker-dealers are not banks and are separate legal entities from their bank affiliates. The obligations of the broker-dealers are not obligations of their bank affiliates (unless explicitly stated otherwise), and these bank affiliates are not responsible for securities sold, offered or recommended by the broker-dealers. The foregoing also applies to other non-bank affiliates.

For more Bank of America news, including dividend announcements and other important information, visit the Bank of America newsroom at https://newsroom.bankofamerica.com.

www.bankofamerica.com

Bank of America Corporation and Subsidiaries Selected Financial Data

(In millions, except per share data)

		Year Decen		31		Fourth Quarter		Third Quarter		Fourth Quarter
Summary Income Statement	_	2018		2017	_	2018	_	2018		2017
Net interest income	\$	47,432	\$	44,667	\$	12,304	\$	11,870	\$	11,462
Noninterest income	_	43,815		42,685	_	10,432	_	10,907		8,974
Total revenue, net of interest expense		91,247		87,352		22,736		22,777		20,436
Provision for credit losses		3,282		3,396		905		716		1,001
Noninterest expense		53,381		54,743		13,133		13,067		13,274
Income before income taxes		34,584		29,213		8,698		8,994		6,161
Income tax expense		6,437		10,981		1,420		1,827		3,796
Net income	\$	28,147	\$	18,232	\$	7,278	\$	7,167	\$	2,365
Preferred stock dividends		1,451		1,614		239		466		286
Net income applicable to common shareholders	\$	26,696	\$	16,618	\$	7,039	\$	6,701	\$	2,079
Average common shares issued and outstanding		10,096.5		10,195.6		9,855.8		10,031.6		10,470.7
Average diluted common shares issued and outstanding		10,236.9		10,778.4		9,996.0		10,170.8		10,621.8
Summary Average Balance Sheet										
Total debt securities	\$	437,312	\$	435,005	\$	440,967	\$	445,813	\$	441,624
Total loans and leases		933,049		918,731		934,721		930,736		927,790
Total earning assets		1,980,231		1,922,061		1,986,734		1,972,437		1,950,048
Total assets		2,325,246		2,268,633		2,334,586		2,317,829		2,301,687
Total deposits		1,314,941		1,269,796		1,344,951		1,316,345		1,293,572
Common shareholders' equity		241,799		247,101		241,372		241,812		250,838
Total shareholders' equity		264,748		271,289		263,698		264,653		273,162
Performance Ratios		1.21%		0.80%		1.24%		1.23%		0.419
Return on average assets)							
Return on average common shareholders' equity Return on average tangible common shareholders' equity (1)		11.04 15.55		6.72 9.41		11.57 16.29		10.99 15.48		3.29 4.56
netarii on average tangiole common shareholders equity		13.33		5.11		10.23		13.10		1.50
Per Common Share Information										
Earnings	\$	2.64	\$	1.63	\$	0.71	\$	0.67	\$	0.20
Diluted earnings		2.61		1.56		0.70		0.66		0.20
Dividends paid		0.54		0.39		0.15		0.15		0.12
Book value		25.13		23.80		25.13		24.33		23.80
Tangible book value ⁽¹⁾		17.91		16.96		17.91		17.23		16.96
					D	ecember 31	ς	eptember 30	D	ecember 31
Summary Period-End Balance Sheet					_	2018	_	2018		2017
Total debt securities					\$	441,753	\$	446,107	\$	440,130
Total loans and leases						946,895		929,801		936,749
Total earning assets						2,011,474		1,982,338		1,941,542
Total assets						2,354,507		2,338,833		2,281,234
Total deposits						1,381,476		1,345,649		1,309,545
Common shareholders' equity						242,999		239,832		244,823
Total shareholders' equity						265,325		262,158		267,146
Common shares issued and outstanding						9,669.3		9,858.3		10,287.3
		.,				_				
		Year Decen				Fourth Quarter		Third Quarter		Fourth Quarter
Credit Quality		2018		2017		2018		2018		2017
Total net charge-offs (2)	\$	3,763	\$	3,979	\$	924	\$	932	\$	1,237
Net charge-offs as a percentage of average loans and leases outstanding (3)	•	0.41%		0.44%		0.39%		0.40%		0.539
Provision for credit losses	\$	3,282	\$	3,396	\$	905	\$	716	\$	1,001
					D	ecember 31 2018	_S	eptember 30 2018	D	ecember 31 2017
Total nonperforming loans, leases and foreclosed properties (4)					\$	5,244	\$	5,449	\$	6,758
Nonporforming leans leases and foreslosed properties as a persontage of total lean		16 1 1		. (3)		0.56%		0.500/-		0.730

For footnotes, see page 15.

Allowance for loan and lease losses

0.56%

1.02%

9,601

0.59%

9,734

1.05%

0.73%

1.12%

10,393

Nonperforming loans, leases and foreclosed properties as a percentage of total loans, leases and foreclosed properties $^{(3)}$

Allowance for loan and lease losses as a percentage of total loans and leases outstanding $^{\left(3\right) }$

Bank of America Corporation and Subsidiaries Selected Financial Data (continued)

(Dollars in millions)

				Basel 3		
Capital Management	De	December 31 2018		September 30 2018		cember 31 2017
Regulatory capital metrics (5):						
Common equity tier 1 capital	\$	167,272	\$	164,386	\$	168,461
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio - Standardized approach		11.6%		11.4%		11.7%
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio - Advanced approaches		11.9		11.5		11.5
Tier 1 leverage ratio		8.4		8.3		8.6
Tangible equity ratio ⁽⁶⁾		8.6		8.5		8.9
Tangible common equity ratio (6)		7.6		7.5		7.9

Return on average tangible common shareholders' equity and tangible book value per share of common stock are non-GAAP financial measures. We believe the use of ratios that utilize tangible equity provides additional useful information because they present measures of those assets that can generate income. Tangible book value per share provides additional useful information about the level of tangible assets in relation to outstanding shares of common stock. See Reconciliations to GAAP Financial Measures on page 19.

Ratios do not include loans accounted for under the fair value option. Charge-off ratios are annualized for the quarterly presentation.

Includes non-U.S. credit card net charge-offs of \$75 million for the year ended December 31, 2017. These net charge-offs represent net charge-offs of non-U.S. credit card loans, which were sold in the second quarter of 2017.

Balances do not include past due consumer credit card loans, consumer loans secured by real estate where repayments are insured by the Federal Housing Administration and individually insured long-term stand-by agreements (fully insured home loans), and in general, other consumer and commercial loans not secured by real estate; purchased credit-impaired loans even though the customer may be contractually past due; and nonperforming loans held-for-sale or accounted for under the fair value ontion.

loans held-for-sale or accounted for under the fair value option.

Regulatory capital ratios at December 31, 2018 are preliminary. Bank of America Corporation (the Corporation) reports regulatory capital ratios under both the Standardized and Advanced approaches. The approach that yields the lower ratio is used to assess capital adequacy, which for CET1 is the Standardized approach at December 31, 2018 and September 30, 2018 and the Advanced approaches at December 31, 2017. Basel 3 transition provisions for regulatory capital adjustments and deductions were fully phased-in as of January 1, 2018. Prior periods are presented on a fully phased-in basis.

⁽⁶⁾ Tangible equity ratio equals period-end tangible shareholders' equity divided by period-end tangible assets. Tangible common equity ratio equals period-end tangible common shareholders' equity divided by period-end tangible assets. Tangible shareholders' equity and tangible assets are non-GAAP financial measures. We believe the use of ratios that utilize tangible equity provides additional useful information because they present measures of those assets that can generate income. See Reconciliations to GAAP Financial Measures on page 19.

Bank of America Corporation and Subsidiaries

Quarterly Results by Business Segment and All Other

)ol	lars	in	mil	lions)	

		Fo	ourth	1 Quarter 20	18		
	Consumer Banking	GWIM		Global Banking	1	Global Markets	All Other
Total revenue, net of interest expense	\$ 9,877	\$ 4,990	\$	5,050	\$	3,213	\$ (239)
Provision for credit losses	915	23		85		6	(124)
Noninterest expense	4,483	3,542		2,119		2,540	449
Net income	3,338	1,062		2,106		493	279
Return on average allocated capital (1)	36%	29%		20%		6%	n/m
Balance Sheet							
lverage							
Total loans and leases	\$ 289,862	\$ 163,516	\$	357,410	\$	70,609	\$ 53,324
Total deposits	686,826	247,427		359,642		31,077	19,979
Allocated capital (1)	37,000	14,500		41,000		35,000	n/m
Quarter end							
Total loans and leases	\$ 294,335	\$ 164,854	\$	365,717	\$	73,928	\$ 48,061
Total deposits	696,146	268,700		360,248		37,841	18,541
		-	Third	l Quarter 201	R		
	 Consumer			Global		Global	 All
	Banking	GWIM		Banking		Markets	Other
otal revenue, net of interest expense	\$ 9,403	\$ 4,783	\$	4,738	\$	3,843	\$ 161
Provision for credit losses	870	13		(70)		(2)	(95)
Noninterest expense	4,354	3,414		2,121		2,613	565
Net income	3.113	1.010		1.988		912	144

Balance Sheet
Average

Net income	3,113	1,010	1,988	912	144
Return on average allocated capital (1)	33%	28%	19%	10%	n/m
Balance Sheet					
Average					
Total loans and leases	\$ 284,994	\$ 161,869	\$ 352,712	\$ 71,231	\$ 59,930
Total deposits	687,530	238,291	337,685	30,721	22,118
Allocated capital (1)	37,000	14,500	41,000	35,000	n/m
Quarter end					
Total loans and leases	\$ 287,277	\$ 162,191	\$ 352,332	\$ 73,023	\$ 54,978
Total deposits	692,770	239,654	350,748	41,102	21,375

Fourth Quarter 2017

Total revenue, net	of inte	erest (expense	
Provision for credit	t losse	es.		
Noninterest expen	se			
Net income (loss)				
			. (1)	

Other companies may define or calculate these measures differently.

	onsumer Banking	GWIM	Global Banking	Global Markets	All Other
Total revenue, net of interest expense	\$ 8,955	\$ 4,683	\$ 5,019	\$ 3,396	\$ (1,366)
Provision for credit losses	886	6	132	162	(185)
Noninterest expense	4,509	3,470	2,161	2,614	520
Net income (loss)	2,196	744	1,680	410	(2,665)
Return on average allocated capital (1)	24%	21%	17%	5%	n/m
Balance Sheet					
Average					
Total loans and leases	\$ 275,716	\$ 157,063	\$ 350,262	\$ 73,552	\$ 71,197
Total deposits	665,536	240,126	329,761	34,250	23,899
Allocated capital (1)	37,000	14,000	40,000	35,000	n/m

^{280,473} 76,778 69,452 Total loans and leases 159,378 350,668 Total deposits 34,029 22,719 676,530 246,994 329,273 Return on average allocated capital is calculated as net income, adjusted for cost of funds and earnings credits and certain expenses related to intangibles, divided by average allocated capital.

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified among the segments to conform to current period presentation.

The Company reports the results of operations of its four business segments and All Other on a fully-taxable equivalent (FTE) basis.

n/m = not meaningful

Bank of America Corporation and Subsidiaries Annual Results by Business Segment and All Other

(Dollars in millions) Year Ended December 31, 2018 Consumer Global Global ΑII Banking **GWIM** Banking Other Markets 37,523 19,338 19,644 16,063 Total revenue, net of interest expense (711)3,664 86 (476)Provision for credit losses 17,713 8,591 10,686 2,614 Noninterest expense 13,777 Net income (loss) 12,029 4,079 8,173 3,979 (113)Return on average allocated capital $^{\left(1\right) }$ 33% 28% 20% 11% n/m **Balance Sheet** Average 283,807 161,342 354,236 72,651 61,013 Total loans and leases Total deposits 684,173 241,256 336,337 31,209 21,966 Allocated capital (1) 37,000 14,500 41,000 35,000 n/m Year end \$ 294,335 164,854 \$ 365,717 73,928 48,061 Total loans and leases Total deposits 696,146 268,700 360,248 37,841 18,541

	Year Ended December 31, 2017									
		onsumer Banking		GWIM		Global Banking		Global Markets		All Other
Total revenue, net of interest expense	\$	34,521	\$	18,590	\$	19,999	\$	15,951	\$	(784)
Provision for credit losses		3,525		56		212		164		(561)
Noninterest expense		17,795		13,556		8,596		10,731		4,065
Net income (loss)		8,202		3,093		6,953		3,293		(3,309)
Return on average allocated capital (1)		22%		22%		17%		9%		n/m
Balance Sheet										
Average										
Total loans and leases	\$	266,058	\$	152,682	\$	346,089	\$	71,413	\$	82,489
Total deposits		653,320		245,559		312,859		32,864		25,194
Allocated capital (1)		37,000		14,000		40,000		35,000		n/m
Year end										
Total loans and leases	\$	280,473	\$	159,378	\$	350,668	\$	76,778	\$	69,452
Total deposits		676,530		246,994		329,273		34,029		22,719

¹⁾ Return on average allocated capital is calculated as net income, adjusted for cost of funds and earnings credits and certain expenses related to intangibles, divided by average allocated capital. Other companies may define or calculate these measures differently.

n/m = not meaningful

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified among the segments to conform to current period presentation.

Bank of America Corporation and Subsidiaries Supplemental Financial Data

(Dollars in millions)								
	Year Ended Fourth December 31 Quarter				Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter		
FTE basis data (1)	 2018 2017				2018	2018	2017	
Net interest income	\$ 48,042	\$	45,592	\$	12,459	\$ 12,021	\$	11,713
Total revenue, net of interest expense	91,857		88,277		22,891	22,928		20,687
Net interest yield	2.42%		2.37%		2.48%	2.42%		2.39%
Efficiency ratio	58.11		62.01		57.37	56.99		64.16

Other Data	December 31 2018	September 30 2018	December 31 2017
Number of financial centers - U.S.	4,341	4,385	4,477
Number of branded ATMs - U.S.	16,255	16,089	16,039
Headcount	204,489	204,681	209,376

⁽¹⁾ FTE basis is a non-GAAP financial measure. FTE basis is a performance measure used by management in operating the business that management believes provides investors a more accurate picture of the interest margin for comparative purposes. The Corporation believes that this presentation allows for comparison of amounts from both taxable and tax-exempt sources and is consistent with industry practices. Net interest income includes FTE adjustments of \$610 million and \$925 million for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, and \$155 million, \$151 million and \$251 million for the fourth and third quarters of 2018 and the fourth quarter of 2017, respectively.

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to current period presentation.

Bank of America Corporation and Subsidiaries Reconciliations to GAAP Financial Measures

(Dollars in millions)

The Corporation evaluates its business based on the following ratios that utilize tangible equity, a non-GAAP financial measure. Tangible equity represents an adjusted shareholders' equity or common shareholders' equity amount which has been reduced by goodwill and intangible assets (excluding mortgage servicing rights), net of related deferred tax liabilities. Return on average tangible common shareholders' equity measures the Corporation's earnings contribution as a percentage of adjusted average common shareholders' equity. The tangible common equity ratio represents adjusted ending common shareholders' equity divided by total assets less goodwill and intangible assets (excluding mortgage servicing rights), net of related deferred tax liabilities. Return on average tangible shareholders' equity measures the Corporation's earnings contribution as a percentage of adjusted average total shareholders' equity. The tangible equity ratio represents adjusted ending shareholders' equity divided by total assets less goodwill and intangible assets (excluding mortgage servicing rights), net of related deferred tax liabilities. Tangible book value per common share represents adjusted ending common shareholders' equity divided by ending common shares outstanding. These measures are used to evaluate the Corporation's use of equity. In addition, profitability, relationship and investment models all use return on average tangible shareholders' equity as key measures to support our overall growth goals.

See the tables below for reconciliations of these non-GAAP financial measures to financial measures defined by GAAP for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 and the three months ended December 31, 2018, September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017. The Corporation believes the use of these non-GAAP financial measures provides additional clarity in understanding its results of operations and trends. Other companies may define or calculate supplemental financial data differently.

	=	Year Ended December 31			Fourth Quarter		Third Quarter		Fourth Quarter		
	2018		2017		2018		2018		2017		
Reconciliation of average shareholders' equity to average tangible common sha	reholders' equity and aver	age ta	ngible shareh	older	s' equity						
Shareholders' equity	\$ 264,7	748	\$ 271,289	\$	263,698	\$	264,653	\$	273,162		
Goodwill	(68,9	951)	(69,286)		(68,951)		(68,951)		(68,954)		
Intangible assets (excluding mortgage servicing rights)	(2,0	058)	(2,652)		(1,857)		(1,992)		(2,399)		
Related deferred tax liabilities	ġ	906	1,463		874		896		1,344		
Tangible shareholders' equity	\$ 194,6	545	\$ 200,814	\$	193,764	\$	194,606	\$	203,153		
Preferred stock	(22,9	949)	(24,188)		(22,326)		(22,841)		(22,324)		
Tangible common shareholders' equity	\$ 171,6	596	\$ 176,626	\$	171,438	\$	171,765	\$	180,829		
Reconciliation of period-end shareholders' equity to period-end tangible commo	on shareholders' equity an	d neri	nd-end tangih	le sha	reholders' (ity				
Shareholders' equity	\$ 265,3	•			265,325		262,158	\$	267,146		
Goodwill	(68,9	951)	(68,951)		(68,951)		(68,951)		(68,951)		
Intangible assets (excluding mortgage servicing rights)	(1,7	774)	(2,312)		(1,774)		(1,908)		(2,312)		
Related deferred tax liabilities	8	358	943		858		878		943		
Tangible shareholders' equity	\$ 195,4	158	\$ 196,826	\$	195,458	\$	192,177	\$	196,826		
Preferred stock	(22,3	326)	(22,323)		(22,326)		(22,326)		(22,323)		
Tangible common shareholders' equity	\$ 173,1	132	\$ 174,503	\$	173,132	\$	169,851	\$	174,503		
Reconciliation of period-end assets to period-end tangible assets											
Assets	\$ 2,354,5	507	\$ 2,281,234	\$:	2,354,507	\$	2,338,833	\$	2,281,234		
Goodwill	(68,9	951)	(68,951)		(68,951)		(68,951)		(68,951)		
Intangible assets (excluding mortgage servicing rights)	(1,7	774)	(2,312)		(1,774)		(1,908)		(2,312)		
Related deferred tax liabilities	8	358	943		858		878		943		
Tangible assets	\$ 2,284,6	540	\$ 2,210,914	\$	2,284,640	\$	2,268,852	\$	2,210,914		
Book value per share of common stock											
Common shareholders' equity	\$ 242,9	999	\$ 244,823	\$	242,999	\$	239,832	\$	244,823		
Ending common shares issued and outstanding	9,66	9.3	10,287.3		9,669.3		9,858.3		10,287.3		
Book value per share of common stock	\$ 25	.13	\$ 23.80	\$	25.13	\$	24.33	\$	23.80		
Tangible book value per share of common stock											
Tangible common shareholders' equity	\$ 173,1	132	\$ 174,503	\$	173,132	\$	169,851	\$	174,503		
Ending common shares issued and outstanding	9,66	9.3	10,287.3		9,669.3		9,858.3		10,287.3		
				١.				-			

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to current period presentation.

Tangible book value per share of common stock

16.96 \$

17.91 \$

17.23 \$

16.96

17.91 \$